

Dataverse: Research Transparency through Data Sharing

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Berkeley Initiative for Transparency in the Social Sciences

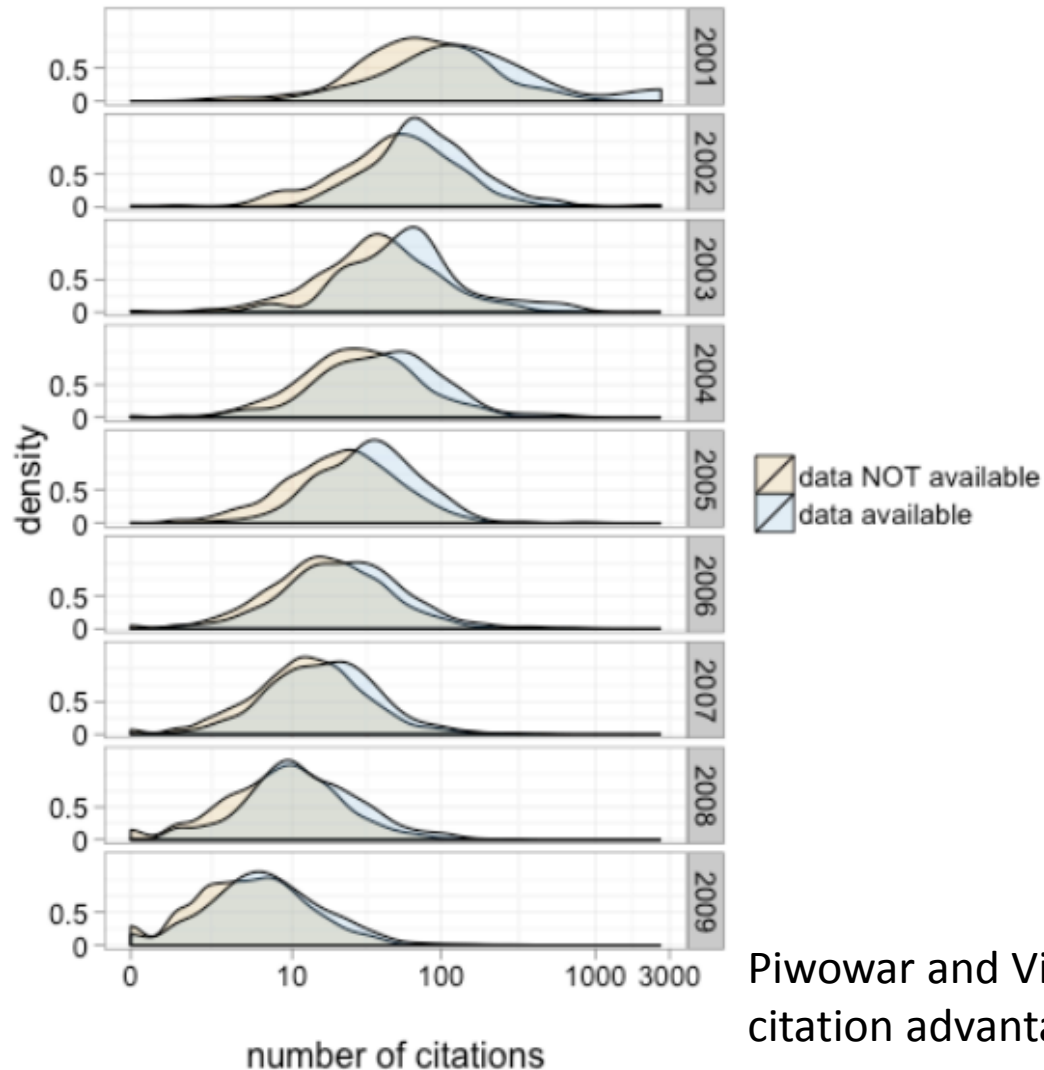
Data sharing is good for science

Making your research data accessible is important:

- To reproduce research
- To make public assets available to the public
- To leverage investments in research data
- To advance research and innovation

Borgman, Oct 2013, “Why you should care about open data” Open Access Week Talk

...and good for you

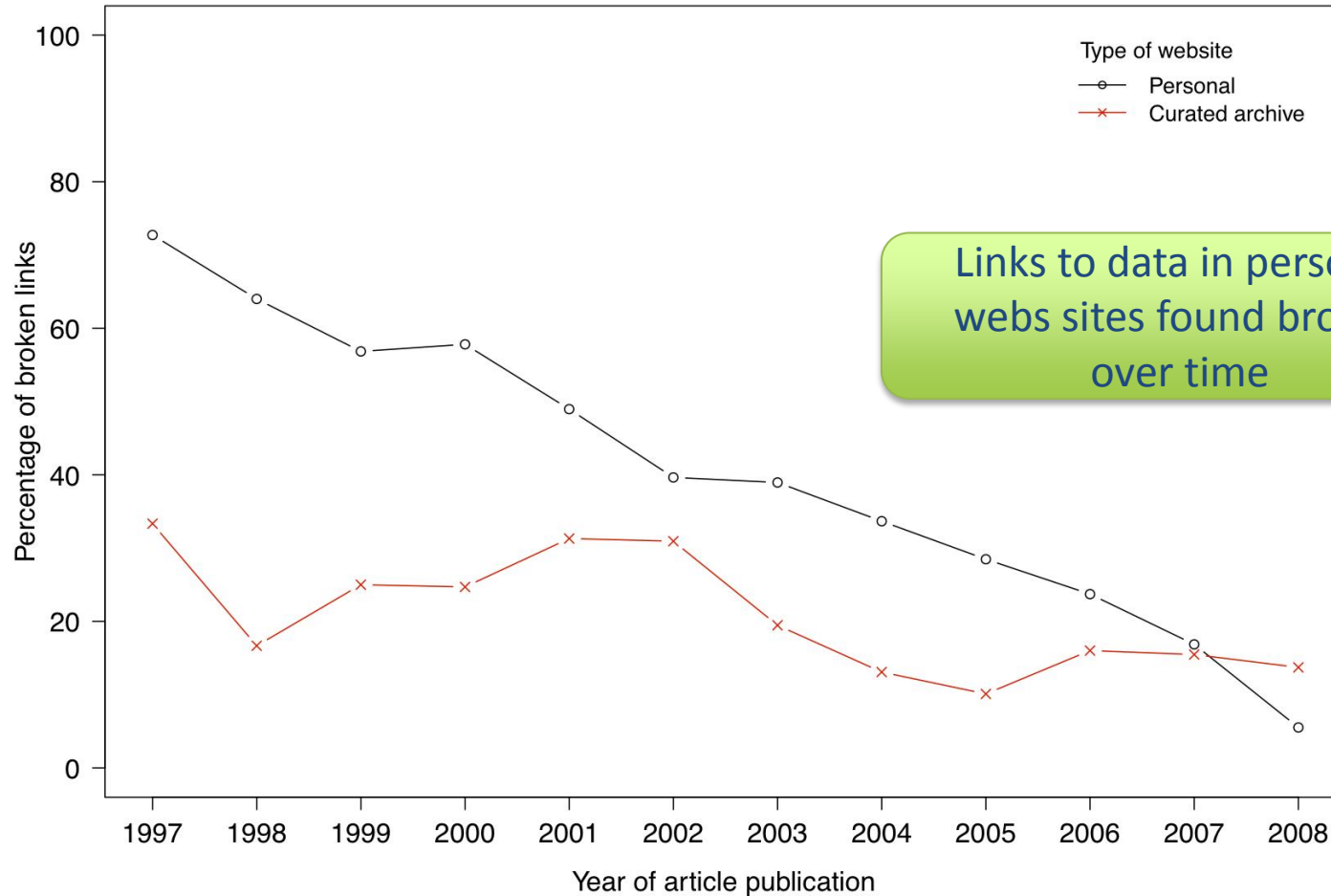


10,555 studies that created gene expression microarray data:

- Studies that share data received **9% more citations**
- Authors published most papers using their own data within 2 years
- Data reuse papers by third-party investigators continued for 6 years

Piwovar and Vision (2013), Data reuse and the open data citation advantage. PeerJ 1:e175; DOI 10.7717/peerj.175

But data sharing must include long-term accessibility



Pepe, Goodman, Muench, Crosas, Erdmann, 2014 "Sharing, Archiving and Citing Data in Astronomy" *Forthcoming*

We hosted a workshop at Harvard University to address issues about data sharing and reuse, and the result was: “10 Rules”

OPEN ACCESS Freely available online

 **PLOS** | COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

Editorial

Ten Simple Rules for the Care and Feeding of Scientific Data

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Rule 1: Love your data, and let others love them too

- If you make your data easily available to others, others are more likely to do the same—eventually.
- Or at least take solace in the fact that you'll be able to find and reuse your own data if you treat them well.

Rule 2: Share your data online, with a permanent identifier

- Your personal web site is unlikely to be a good option for long-term data storage.
- Publish your data in a general or a domain-specific data repository that guarantees long-term access, and assigns a persistent identifier to the data (DOI, HDL, PURL).

Rule 3: Conduct science with data reuse in mind

- The higher the quality of provenance information, the higher the chance of enabling data reuse.
- Keep: 1) data, 2) metadata, and 3) information about the process of generating those data, such as code.

Rule 4: Publish workflow as context

Publish a description of your processing steps to offer essential context for interpreting and re-using data.

Rule 5: Link your data to your publications as early as possible

- Many journals now offer standard ways to contribute data to their archives or trusted data repositories and link it to your paper.
- Use a formal data citation in the publication's reference list.

Rule 6: Publish your code

Same best practices in relation to data and workflow also apply to software materials.

Rule 7: Say how you want to get credit for your data

- Simply describe your expectations on how you would like to be acknowledged.
- You can also release your data under a license, but making it simple for others to reuse it, when possible (Creative Commons, Open Data Commons, COS Open Data Badges).

Rule 8: Foster and use data repositories

Seek help from librarians, archivists or research communities on domain-based repositories and generic repositories available.

Rule 9: Reward colleagues who share their data properly

- Praise those following good practices.
- Follow good scientific practice and give credit to those whose data you use.

Rule 10: Help establish data science and data scientists as vital

- Advocate for hiring data specialists and for the overall support of institutional programs that improve data sharing.
- Teach whole courses, or mini-courses, related to caring for data and software, or incorporate the ideas into existing courses.

The Dataverse repository as a solution for data sharing

- The Dataverse hosted at Harvard is open and free to all researchers worldwide.
- Serves as a solution to help you follow the 10 Rules.
- Contains already > 53, 000 data sets, the largest general-purpose data repositories in the world.
- The Dataverse open-source software is developed at Harvard's IQSS, by our data science team plus contributors.

Find or publish data at: <http://thedata.harvard.edu>



Share, Cite, Reuse, Archive Research Data
Scientific data for reproducible research

POWERED BY THE **Dataverse Network** PROJECT v. 3.6.2

Harvard Dataverse Network

[Create Account](#) [Log In](#)

[Advanced Search](#) [Tips](#)

We're redesigning Dataverse and want your feedback! Please check out our [Beta Site](#)

The Harvard Dataverse Network is open to all scientific data from all disciplines worldwide. It includes the world's largest collection of social science research data. [Learn more about the Dataverse Network.](#)

Dataverses

706 Dataverses

A **Dataverse** is a container for research data studies, customized and managed by its owner.

RECENTLY RELEASED DATAVERSES

Eben N. Broadbent	Jun 2, 2014
USoc: Quantitative Methods over the Undergraduate Life Course	May 30, 2014

Studies

53,896 Studies, **739,606** Files, **1,015,093** Downloads

A **study** is a container for a research data set. It includes cataloging information, data files and complementary files.

RECENTLY RELEASED STUDIES

Replication data for: Neoliberal Reform and Protest in Latin American Democracies: A Replication and Correction by Solt, Frederick; Kim, Dongkyu; Lee, Kyu Young; Willardson, Spencer; Kim, Seokdong	Jun 3, 2014
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Data Publishing Steps

1. Create a **dataverse**: your own virtual data repository
2. Add a **study** (or dataset): the data unit you want to publish
3. Enter study **metadata** (or cataloging fields)
4. Upload **Files**
5. **Release** when everything is ready

Benefits of publishing data with Dataverse

What you contribute

- Sufficient information accompanying the data
- Data files with rich metadata

What Dataverse gives you

- Credit for your data through data citation
- Control on how to share your data
- Data exploration and analysis for tabular data
- Long-term data preservation

Sufficient information with the data

The **replication standard** holds that:

Sufficient information exists with which to understand, evaluate, and build upon a prior work if a third party could replicate the results without any additional information from the author.

King, Gary. 1995. Replication, Replication. *PS: Political Science and Politics* 28: 443–499.

“sufficient information”?

How were the respondents selected? Who did the interviewing? What was the question order? How did you decide which informants to interview or villages to visit? How long did you spend in each community? Did you speak to people in their language or through an interpreter? Which version of the ICPSR file did you extract information from? How knowledgeable were the coders? How frequently did the coders agree? Exactly what codes were originally generated and what were all the recodes performed? Precisely which measure of unemployment was used? What were the exact rules used for conducting the content analysis? When did the time series begin and end? What countries were included in your study and how were they chosen? What statistical procedures were used? What method of numerical optimization did you choose? Which computer program was used? How did you fill in or delete missing data?

King, Gary. 1995. Replication, Replication. *PS: Political Science and Politics* 28: 443–499.

Metadata rich data files

Consider using the following files for tabular data sets:

- R Data: R is open-source, with a growing community
- SPSS, STATA: Also commonly used in social sciences
- Add full variable metadata
- Indicate properly missing data

MEASURING THE IMPACT OF MICROFINANCE IN HYDERABAD, INDIA

hdl:1902.1/11389UNF:5:7llipBUQ4zNQHjFYJVqWA==

Version: 5 - Released: Sat Dec 29 14:52:25 EST 2012

Dataverse generates a **data citation** with a persistent identifier, which you and others can use to reference your data set in an article or book.

CATALOGING INFORMATION

Data & Analysis

Comments (6)

Versions

Data Citation

i If you use these data, please add the following citation to your scholarly references. Why cite?

Abhijit Banerjee; Esther Duflo; Rachel Glennerster ; Cynthia Kinnan, "Measuring the impact of microfinance in Hyderabad, India", <http://hdl.handle.net/1902.1/11389> UNF:5:7llipBUQ4zNQHjFYJVqWA== MacArthur Data Consolidation Project [Distributor] V5 [Version]

Citation Format

Data Citation Details

Title	Measuring the impact of microfinance in Hyderabad, India
Study Global ID	hdl:1902.1/11389
Authors	Abhijit Banerjee; Esther Duflo; Rachel Glennerster ; Cynthia Kinnan
Producer	Abdul Latif Jameel Poverty Action Lab and Centre for Microfinance
Distributor	MacArthur Data Consolidation Project
Contact	jpal.data@mit.edu
Deposit Date	April 26, 2008
Original Dataverse	The Abdul Latif Jameel Poverty Action Lab Dataverse

Description and Scope

Description

This database provides information on 2,800 households living in slums in Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh (India's fifth largest city) in 2005. Information was collected on household composition, education, employment, asset ownership, decision-making, expenditure, borrowing, saving, and any businesses currently operated by the household or stopped within the last year.

Importance of data citation

Dataverse data citation is compliant with the Joint Declaration of Data Citation Principles, which states that:

Sound, reproducible scholarship rests upon a foundation of robust, accessible data. For this to be so in practice as well as theory, data must be accorded due importance in the practice of scholarship and in the enduring scholarly record. In other words, data should be considered legitimate, citable products of research. Data citation, like the citation of other evidence and sources, is good research practice and is part of the scholarly ecosystem supporting data reuse.

DC¹

Data Citation Principles

To learn more and endorse the principles:
<https://www.force11.org/datacitation>

MEASURING THE IMPACT OF MICROFINANCE IN HYDERABAD, INDIA

hdl:1902.1/11389UNF:5:7lllpBUQ4zNQHjfYYJVqwA==

Version: 5 – Released: Sat Dec 29 14:52:25 EST 2012

Dataverse processes tabular data files and provides summary statistics and access to data analysis

Cataloging Information

DATA & ANALYSIS

Comments (6)

Versions

Use the check boxes next to the file name to download multiple files. Data files will be downloaded in their default format. You can also download all the files in a category by checking the box next to the category name. You will be prompted to save a single archive file. Study files that have restricted access will not be downloaded.

Due to the large number of files associated with this study, only 25 files are loaded at a time.

Select all files

Download Selected Files

Show All Files

Showing 25 of 60 Total Files

Total Downloads: 16070

Downloads of Files in This Version:

15648

1. Data and Documentation

Measuring the impact of microfinance in Hyderabad India.zip
Zip Archive - 2 MB - 1381 downloads

The study's files in one package (zipped). Files in their original format.

2a. Baseline Survey: Associated Materials

FINAL Baseline Qnr.doc
MS Word - 3 MB - 632 downloads

Questionnaire used for survey. See "Spandana Baseline Study Description.doc" for explanation on questionnaire structure.

Spandana Baseline Study Description.doc
MS Word - 36 KB - 428 downloads

Study Description with explanation of structure of questionnaire.

Spandana Data Cleaning summary.doc
MS Word - 35 KB - 321 downloads

Details on data cleaning. Use with the 5 "flag" data files in Data Files section: biz_flags.dta, businessownerflags.dta, householdflags.dta, loan_flags.dta, missingzeroflags.dta

Spandana Data Notes.doc
MS Word - 34 KB - 392 downloads

Descriptions of data files

2a. Baseline Survey: Data Files

baseline_area_IDs.tab
Tab Delimited - 21 KB - 130 downloads + analyses

Contains slum ID ("slumid") numbers for each household ("sno") in the baseline dataset. Allows slum-level analysis.

TABULAR DATA 2800 Cases 2 Variables

Access Analysis + Subsetting

View Data Citation [+]

Data Analysis with Zelig

Dataverse integrates with **Zelig**:

- Zelig is an R package that provides a common interface to a large set of statistical models
- It is also developed at Harvard's IQSS, by our data science team plus contributors
- An enhanced version (Zelig 5) will be available this summer
- More information at:

<http://datascience.iq.harvard.edu/zelig>

Additional Dataverse Features

Dataverse also allows you to:

- Link your data set to the original publication(s)
- Set terms of use for your data
- Restrict data files, while metadata and documentation can be kept public (but we encourage **open data**, when possible)
- Brand your dataverse banner with your logo, image or colors
- Track downloads for your data, and enable a guestbook
- List data sets from other dataverses in your dataverse



Harvard Dataverse

Harvard Dataverse

Email Dataverse Contact

The Harvard Dataverse for Dataverse 4.0 Beta. Beta is only a testing environment so any data stored on Beta is temporary and will eventually be removed. Only datasets that have no restrictions and are non-identifiable data can be uploaded to Beta.

Search this Dataverse...

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1 to 10 of 56 results

Sort

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Publication Status

Published (53)

Unpublished (3)

Draft (2)

Affiliation

Harvard University (14)

COMPLETE (3)

California Institute of Technology (3)

Peking University Library (3)

University of Colorado (3)

More...

Publication Date

2014 (53)

Author Name

King, Gary (6)

COMPLETE team (3)

Enoch, Melissa L. (3)

Evans II, Neal J. (3)

R Data File test **Draft** **Unpublished**



Jun 3, 2014 BITSS Training Dataverse

Crosas, Merce, 2014, "R Data File test", <http://dx.doi.org/10.5072/FK2/225>, Harvard Dataverse, DRAFT VERSION

This is a test data set for a demo

BITSS Training Dataverse (Harvard University) **Unpublished**



Jun 3, 2014

Preview Recently Released Datasets [+]

PKU RDM 2 Dataverse (Peking University)



May 29, 2014 Peking University secondary dataverse

Comparison of DataVerse Metadata and DDI



May 29, 2014 Peking University Library Research Data Management Dataverse

liu, dan; Cui, haiyuan; Zhu, ling; Wei, chengfu, 2014, "Comparison of DataVerse Metadata and DDI", <http://dx.doi.org/10.5072/FK2/166>, Harvard Dataverse, V1

Dataverse 4.0 comes this summer with a full new user interface and many new features! To test our Beta version and give us feedback: <http://dataverse-demo.iq.harvard.edu>

Dataverse 4.0 will include a new interactive data exploration and analysis tool, **TwoRavens**, which integrates with **Zelig**

TwoRavens

Estimate

Force

Reset

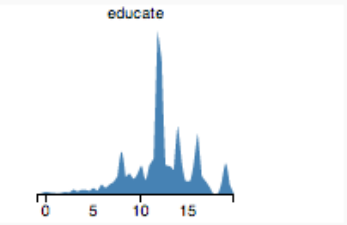
turnout

Variables Subset Summary

educate
Education

Mean: 12.2
Median: 12
Mode: NaN
Stand.Dev: 3.39
Minimum: 0
Maximum: 19
Valid: 15837
Invalid: 0

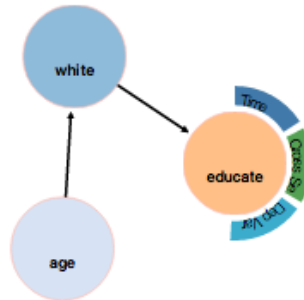
educate



educate

educate

log(d)
exp(d)
d^2
sqrt(d)



Results Table

Models Set Covar. Results

Learn more about upcoming research tools at: <http://datascience.iq.harvard.edu>

Data Science

Research Frameworks for Data-Intensive Science
Analytical Tools



data publishing

Sharing sensitive data

Zelig

Dataverse

TwoRavens

DataTags

Consilience

RBuild

Developing R packages

data analysis

web exploration & analysis

Text analysis

About Us

Data Science at IQSS combines expertise in software engineering, statistical innovation and data curation. Meet our team.

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